The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED JULY 12, 1786. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JANUARY 11, 1876. VOL. 89.—NO. 9.

SECOND EDITION

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

(FIRST SESSION.)

The Senate Still Discussing the Question of Presiding Officer.

Resolutions Favoring Neutrality in Cuban Affairs.

The Amnesty Bill Considered in the House.

WASHINGTON, January 10, 1876.

SENATE.

Mr. Alcorn occupied his seat to-day for the first time this session.

Petitions.

Mr. SARGENT presented a petition of 26,616 women of Utah, asking for the repeal of the anti-polygamy law of 1862 and the Poland bill, and that Utah be admitted as a State in the Union. In presenting the petition, Mr. SARGENT said he did not concur in the object of the petitioners, but he believed in the right of petition, and therefore laid the matter before the Senate, as they had requested him to do. Referred.

Mr. THURMAN presented a petition of citizens of Ohio asking for the repeal of the resumption act passed at the last session, and also the enactment of a law to provide for the retirement of National bank notes and substitute therefor legal tender United States notes and the issue of a 3.65 convertible bond, the proceeds of the sale of such bonds to be applied, first, to the redemption of the six per cents., and, second, to the redemption of the five per cent. gold-bearing bonds. Referred.

Cuba.

Mr. CONOVER submitted the following:

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that in compliance with the will of the people, the President, of history, the best established principles of international law, the precepts of Christian rule and morality, and the requirements of the commercial and political interests of the United States, and taking into consideration the relations existing between the United States and Spain, and that it is desirable that the reciprocal sentiments of good understanding between the two peoples and Governments should not be changed by reason of grave events which for seven years have taken place in the Island of Cuba, the President of the United States be and he hereby is authorized and requested to declare and maintain the strictest neutrality between the Government of Spain and people of Cuba; and be it further

Resolved, That making this declaration through the usual form of a proclamation, and in order to protect citizens of the United States and merchants and navigators in general from injury in any way for want of precise and clear regulations to govern them, and in this matter the President of the United States be and he hereby is authorized and requested to place in full force and operation the same provisions made and exacted by the Government of Her Majesty the Queen of Spain on June 17, 1861, on the occasion of the outbreak of the civil war in the United States.

Ordered printed and laid on the table.

State Rights.

Mr. WHITE submitted the following:

Resolved, By the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring, that the people of the Several States, acting upon their highest sovereign capacity, as free and independent States, adopted a federal constitution and established a form of government in the nature of a confederated republic, and for the purpose of carrying into effect the objects for which it was formed, delegated to that Government certain rights enumerated in said Constitution, but reserved to the States respectively, or to the people thereof, all the residuary powers not delegated the United States by the Constitution nor prohibited by it to the States.

Ordered to be printed and lie on the table.

President Pro Tempore.

Mr. MORTON said it had been suggested to him by several Senators that the report of the Committee on Privileges and Elections in regard to President *pro tempore* of the Senate should have been accompanied by a resolution embracing the conclusions of the committee. He therefore submitted the following:

Resolved, That the tenure of a President *pro tempore* of the Senate elected at one session does not expire at the meeting of Congress after the first recess, the Vice President not having appeared to take the chair.

Resolved, That the death of the Vice President does not have the effect to vacate the office of President *pro tempore* of the Senate.

Resolved, That the office of President *pro tempore* of the Senate is held at the pleasure of the Senate.

Resolved, That Hon. Thos. W. Ferry, Senator from Michigan, who was elected President *pro tempore* of the Senate at the last session, is now President *pro tempore* by virtue of said election.

Ordered printed and to lie on the table.

Bills, Etc., Introduced.

Mr. DORSEY introduced a bill to organize the Territory of Oklahama, and for the better protection of the Indian tribes therein, and for other purposes. Referred.

Mr. WITHERS introduced a bill appropriating $300,000 for continuing the improvement of the James river at and below Richmond. Referred.

Mr. HAMILTON introduced a bill to secure the speedy completion of the Texas Pacific Railroad from a point at or near Marshal, Texas, to the southeastern boundary of California, and to authorize the Southern Pacific Railroad to aid in building the same, and also to build a branch of its road to San Diego, California. Referred.

Mr. ANTHONY submitted a resolution instructing the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds to inquire and report whether the monuments to be erected by order of the Senate to the memory of deceased Senators have been placed over the remains of those Senators, and suitably inscribed, and also whether there are any deceased Senators not honored by the erection of monuments. Agreed to.

Mr. LOGAN submitted a resolution that the Secretary of the Interior be requested to report to the Senate what amounts have been expended under the appropriation of $300,000 for the support, education and civilization of three thousand captive Cheyenne, Arrapahoe, Kiowa and Comanche Indians, for what purposes the money has been spent, to whom it has been paid, and whether any Indians have received the benefit of said expenditure. Agreed to.

Mr. DORSEY presented a memorial of the Arkansas Legislature asking for the appointment of a competent corps of engineers to make a topographical survey of the Upper Arkansas river. Referred.

The Chair laid before the Senate various petitions from citizens of Michigan, asking Congress to give a bounty of two hundred dollars in money to each Union soldier and sailor, in lieu of a homestead donation without settlement. Referred.

Also, a joint resolution from the Michigan Legislature, asking Congress to admit gilling twine for fishing free of duty. Referred.

Also, a joint resolution of the same body asking Congress for an appropriation for the survey of the Michigan ship canal from the mouth of the Kalamazoo river, on the eastern shore of Lake Michigan, to the mouth of the river Raesin at Lake Erie. Referred.

Mr. DORSEY presented a joint resolution of the Arkansas Legislature asking for a donation of public lands for educational purposes. Referred

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Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

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TUESDAY, JANUARY 11, 1876.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 31½.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 99¾.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 113¾.

THE dash of cold yesterday was a fresh reminder that we are in mid-winter. Thus far, the weather has been so mild, generally speaking, that we had come to regard it as Spring, and not as Winter. It is really better that we should have cold weather during the Winter, and an open, favorable Spring, than a warm, unhealthy Winter, and a cold, backward Spring.

CONGRESS, thus far, has made but little progress with the work it is called to perform. There are larger promises of what is to be, and small performance. It is evident from the outgivings that the House will confine itself almost entirely to investigations, and as yet, not at all to maturing bills for legislation. The Senate has been more exercised over the idea of getting rid of President FERRY, than in the duties that properly belong to it.

THE *Post* is either justly suspicious, or unjustly libelous toward several unnamed Democratic Councilmen, who are accused of a purpose to vote for Republican officeholders. This must be looked into. If we had the names we could, of course, dissect the charges with proper skill, but who is it that is going back on the great Democratic party? Is it Mr. BRUCE, or any of the magnates of the party? We sincerely hope they have not done it—for the reason that it would make the *Post* feel bad, and not do any good. But where we are troubled is, how they can avoid voting for Republicans, if they accept the caucus nominations of the party.

THE gentlemen nominated at the Republican caucus, Saturday, for the several city offices, were all elected by Councils yesterday afternoon. The course of the Democrats in taking up defeated candidates, in several instances,—one particularly,—served to draw the lines among Republicans, and all stood up to the caucus nominations. We were quite certain that this would be the result, but took the precaution to point out the danger of the course Republicans were invited to pursue. We were in a position of real danger, but the firmness of the Republican members of Councils averted it. We hope, now the result is reached, that there will be a ready acceptance of the result, and harmonious action on the part of all.

THERE is something cruel in the pertinacity with which the hopelessly dead Third Term ghost continues to frighten innocent people. The New York *Independent*, whose regard for the present administration fell off very badly, when, after presenting an exorbitant bill to the Postmaster General for advertising, it was cut off from official patronage, is the organ most alarmed. It [illegible] GRANT will be de[illegible] now the should not be [illegible] is sure that knows [illegible] therefore [illegible]. Just how it [illegible] much of the purposes of we people as to the votes they will[illegible] journals not informed. Secular institutions, but like the very knot an exceeding long tongue, to[illegible] sometimes tell more than they know.

INTIMATIONS are received from Washington that the passage of the proposed bill making a Centennial appropriation of one and a half million dollars is a very uncertain affair. There are two points of difference over it. The Democrats are disposed to make party capital out of it, by squeezing Republicans into the recognition of the JEFF. DAVIS amnesty arrangement, as a condition precedent to the passage of the bill. The effort seems to be to throw the nominal responsibility for the non-success of the appropriation on the Republicans, but it is really a bit of sharp practice that will not be acceded to. The Centennial enterprise is a movement by itself, and is not political in its character. Yet such men as MCCLURE, of the Philadelphia *Times*, steadily oppose the Republican view, and think we should open wide the door to the Senate for JEFF. DAVIS. We fancy the Democracy will be told to meet this question by itself, and not for or against the Centennial appropriation, without reference to JEFF. DAVIS.

IN a trial for murder, which closed in Philadelphia last week, drunkenness at the time of offense was offered as a plea in defense. Both the District Attorney and the Judge denied the validity of this plea, and the man was convicted of murder in the first degree. The District Attorney, SHEPPARD, in refutation of the plea of drunkenness as a palliation, said, "we have reached the time when the jury, and the Court and the prosecuting officers should define their position on this vital question—that the community should know where they stand." And Judge BIDDLE, referring to the "growing opinion" that drunkenness is an excuse for crime, and that it was only necessary for a criminal to bring a few of his boon companions into Court to swear he had been drinking to relieve him of the full penalty of his crime, said "there never was a greater mistake or a greater libel on the administration of justice." Such a course, steadily pursued, will soon put an end to the miserable plea so frequently set up by murderers.

THE little breeze between Mr. BOYD, the local Government Architect, and the ring that hopes to get its fingers on part of the funds that they think will be appropriated by Congress to erect the new Government buildings, is likely to prove quite interesting. That it is necessary to get Mr. BOYD out of the way, so they can carry out their plans, is plain; but we predict that the fight, before it is ended, will be for them to retain their own positions rather than oust Mr. BOYD. That there will be no money appropriated by Congress for Government buildings in Pittsburgh, we have no doubt. To use the expression of a gentleman high in authority, given us a few weeks ago, "There will not be one dollar asked for Government buildings except where they are absolutely under contract, and this will not include Pittsburgh." We would advise those who are like the horse that is waiting till the grass grows, to go to work and earn their living by the sweat of their brows, as there will be no "divies" on this score for some time.

THE impudent proposal of the Southern members of Congress to trade JEFF. DAVIS into the Senate, in return for their votes for the Centennial appropriation, does not meet with favor, even among the Philadelphia press. The *Sunday Press* says it is exceedingly unfortunate that such a subject should come up in this Centennial year, and especially unfortunate that it should be so immediately connected with the great Exposition as it has been. But the friends of the Exposition, and the people of the North generally, who are willing, in this Centennial time, to exhaust their capacity for forgetfulness and forgiveness, are certainly not responsible for the misfortune. The Southerners are reported to have made the proposition plainly and unblushingly. They will vote the Centennial appropriation, if JEFF. DAVIS is included in the general amnesty—otherwise they will vote against the appropriation. In other words, these members propose to trade upon the patriotism and national pride of their fellow-members to secure the restoration of DAVIS to the fullest privileges of citizenship. Well, it gives us a very fair idea of the patriotism of the men who make the proposition, at all events.

AN EVENTFUL YEAR.

One peculiarity of the American people is what is termed lack of reverence. In the city of Washington, where employment and income depend on official favor, a spirit of toadyism prevails, which runs into fear, and wears often the aspect of reverence for authority; but beyond the atmosphere of the Capital, there is little of reverence, either for the present or past. The outburst that welcomed the advent of the New Year was more a development of noisy jollity than intellectual enthusiasm over the birth of the Centennial year. The disfavor manifested by the press toward this noisy greeting was as much a manifestation of our lack of reverence for the past as it was of regard for the proprieties of the occasion. And yet, enthusiasm aside, this will be a year of great events, which will commemorate even greater occurrences, if we consider them with reference to their after results. The Centennial alone will be an event in our history. Aside from its memorial character, it will probably be a wonderful exhibition, considered merely as to the display of articles of American manufacture, as well as to products of soil and mines. Our inventive genius, as applied to articles of practical utility, has never been fully recognized in Europe. While we have given them mowers and reapers, the sewing machine, new methods of iron manufacture, the telegraph, many useful applications of steam, and minor inventions too numerous to mention, we are still unappreciated, and every new invention sent abroad is received with distrust.

Our Centennial will do much to remove this form of misapprehension. Our people have never exhibited largely at European expositions, as Europeans will not here, and hence we suffered in the contrast. But it was generally accepted abroad that we did the best we could, and that the comparison was a fair one. This will be corrected when they see the Centennial. The display, in all departments, will be everything that could be wished, and so extensive, varied, and complete, that it will give visitors a new idea as to the extent and variety of our skill, and the wonderful resources of the country. The impression thus created ought to be of immense service to us. Our trade with Europe might be greatly increased, if they fully realized the value to them of our inventions and machinery. It is, of course, impossible to forecast results with entire accuracy, but we will be greatly disappointed if the Centennial does not work such a change in our trade relations with Europe as to turn the balance of trade in our favor, and so put us in the way of resuming specie payments.

To those who may feel inclined to scoff this idea, we have only to say that the Declaration of Independence, and the merry ringing of the State House bell, in Philadelphia, was not regarded as the momentous event it afterward proved to be. When the enthusiasm of the moment had passed, and the sober second thought came, the hearts of strong men quailed at the risk they had assumed, and the danger that threatened them. They were outcasts from the Government that had protected them, and must fight against it through long, dark, bloody years, or yielding, must pay with their lives the penalty of their action. Few realize the dark, and apparently hopeless aspect of that trouble. WASHINGTON and his compeers were declared traitors, and a penalty set on their heads. Those who had been looked to for support, utterly failed in the hour of need, and so long as British success seemed probable, they were careful to be on that side. The war was prolonged through the perfidy of those who should have been patriots. The tendency to patriotism grew as the rising sun still continues, thus, through gloom and doubt, the War of the Revolution began and proceeded, till suddenly it was successfully consummated.

Out of the apparently trivial inauguration of the new Government has developed the wonderful history that has been ours during the past hundred years. We have subdued the land from ocean to ocean, and developed a population equal to the average of the great States of Europe. We have had wars, but these have left us better consolidated and really stronger than before. We have contributed more than our share to the progress of the century in the arts and sciences. In brief, our progress has been unparalleled in the history of nations. Nineveh, Babylon, and even Rome rose quickly to power, and the two former as rapidly fell from their high estate. But their's was the prosperity that comes from martial prowess and territorial aggrandizement. They fell by the same force at last. Our's has not been, thus far, the policy of territorial aggrandizement, nor have we been eager for war. We have preferred the arts of peace, and have had but one war that could be charged as being inspired by purposes of aggrandizement,—that with Mexico. The next century will thoroughly test the soundness of our system. Hitherto we had enough to do to reclaim the land, and extend the scope of our operations. But now the land is searched out, and we must in the future develop and occupy. If we are satisfied to do this, well; but, if we are restless for more, it will be ill. Our destiny is practically bound up in the next century.

Further Disclosures About Thomas and His Crime.

To make assurance doubly sure, Thomas, the assassin, after his arrival at Bremen, opened the murderous chest, took out the mechanism, and sent it to a clock maker to be cleaned and tested. The opinion is advanced by these who saw it on the occasion that the assassin over-reached himself in not telling those who constructed and repaired the clock that the works were intended to be wound up. The hammer, it appears was too delicately poised, that any rude handling of the chest must have brought it down even before the spring was sufficiently unwound to lift the lever and let it fall again. Hence, it is possible that on the chest being thrown from the wagon explosion was caused, not directly by the concussion of frozen crystals, as has been hitherto assumed, but indirectly, by the hammer leaping over the check and acting prematurely upon the igniting apparatus. The board upon which the mechanism is placed is but slightly injured, and has been handed to the magistrates. It consists of five layers of wood exactly fitting, and strongly connected with each other by screws. The model of the clock, too, is in possession of the authorities. The deliberation with which the assassin set to work may be gathered from the fact that he procured the materials for the commission of his crime in very different localities. He bought the explosive material in America, and either conveyed it to Germany as passenger's luggage, or else had it sent after him, a point on which some doubts seem to have risen. He had the model of his pernicious clock manufactured after his own drawings at Vienna, ordered the clock at Bernberg, and got the metal case and wooden chest at Dresden.

Land Reclamation in California.

One of the grandest schemes of land reclamation ever attempted in this State has just been completed at the south end of Tulare Lake. Ex-Senator Fowler has reclaimed eight thousand acres by means of a levee fourteen miles long. He has three gang-ploughs now running on a part of this land, on which he will put in three hundred acres of wheat and barley, and in the spring he will sow one thousand acres of alfalfa. The Kern county *Gazette* says that Mr. Fowler, in conjunction with Miller, Cox & Clark, Lux & Crocker and Miller & Lux, who own large tracts adjoining the reclaimed land, are about to enclose one hundred and sixty thousand acres with a fence in one single enclosure. The fence will be one hundred miles long, and will cost about $100,000. This land will be used for the present for stock, but the intention is to eventually cut it up into farms for occupation by settlers.—*San Francisco Chronicle, Dec. 23d.*

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

VISCOUNT AMBERLEY, eldest son of Earl Russell, is dead.

THE Direct United States cable has been repaired and communication with Europe re-established.

A DISPATCH from Delhi reports that during the parade on Saturday, Lord Napier was thrown from his horse and had his collar bone broken.

J. H. MARTIN & Co., wholesale grocers and commission merchants of Memphis, have suspended. The liabilities are reported at $90,000; assets, $110,000.

DR. SAMUEL G. HOWE, founder of the institution for the blind in Boston, died on Sunday, aged seventy-four years. Dr. Howe was affected with disease of the brain, and had been in very feeble health for several weeks.

THE late Henry Wilson is credited with having said, at a London dinner one time, that in the course of a trip through Ireland he had not seen a drunken man, never heard a boy swear nor saw him smoke, and that he found that of all the nations of the earth Ireland loved America the most.

A DISPATCH from St. Joseph, Mo., says that steps are being taken there to file an application in the Court for the appointment of a receiver for the Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad. It is asserted the road's earnings last year were quite small, its running expenses out of all proper proportion to its receipts, and that charges of bad and corrupt mismanagement are freely made.

AT Orleans, N. Y., one day last week, a shop-keeper hearing a rattling and squealing in his cellar went down and discovered a large rat which in running over a pile of clams had been caught by the tail by one of the shell-fish. The animal had dragged the bivalve to its hole, but was unable to pull it through on account of its size, and was in this situation when it was captured and killed.

THE Eureka, Nevada *Sentinel* says: "At the El Dorado saloon they have a kind of ticket currency on which is inscribed: 'Good for one drink.' It so happens that the tickets of one of our Sunday schools are of the same style and color, and lately several of them have been 'wrung in' on the barkeeper of the El Dorado. Mr. Whitton, the proprietor, requests us to say that it don't go any more."

GOV. RICE, of Massachusetts, treats at length in his message of the Hoosac Tunnel. The Tunnel is 4¾ miles long, and cost $16,538,000, including the Troy and Greenfield Railroad. The Tunnel alone cost on an average $13,000,000. The St. Louis bridge and approaches, 2¼ miles long altogether, cost $13,500,000. The Mount Cenis Tunnel, 7½ miles long, cost $13,500,000 in gold, and the St. Gothard Tunnel, 9½ miles, will cost $11,500,000 gold, both being built by cheap European labor. The Hoosac Tunnel is not yet utilized.

Moody and the Jews—A Denial.

The *Jewish Messenger* says: "Mr. Moody states that there was recently a meeting of a thousand Jews at Paris whereat the boast was uttered that the Jews had killed the Christians' God, and this sentiment was applauded. This is a baseless fabrication. * * There has not been a meeting of a thousand Jews anywhere since the year 1858, when there were mass meetings in many cities to declare our abhorrence of Papal interference with the sacred rights of liberty and conscience as exemplified by the abduction of the boy Mortara. It is impossible to verify Mr. Moody's statement. It has not even the merit of being partly true. The Jews have not met in Paris, save in their synagogues and charities, since the days of Napoleon I., except in 1840, at the time of the Damascus difficulty, and in 1858, to protest against the Mortara outrage.

"Since writing the above, we have read Mr. Moody's 'explanation,' which says that 'in July, 1873, he had seen in a London paper an account of a meeting of some Jewish society, held in Paris in June, 1873. At this meeting, the report stated, the chairman said the Jews had the honor of killing the Christians' God, whereupon the audience applauded.' The explanation is as bad as the original statement! Mr. Moody's memory must be treacherous. We again deny that such a meeting was ever held, and explicitly in Paris in June, 1873, when one of our editors was in the French capital, and would certainly have heard of such a meeting."

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No. 61 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
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Assets January 1, 1873. - - $778,251.56.
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Board of Managers—George A. [illegible], John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., [illegible] Gourley, President; McKinley, Secretary, [illegible] Vice Presidents; D. B. A. Bradley, [illegible] Treasurer; Nimick, [illegible] C. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. [illegible], John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Pollans, [illegible] Rhodes, E. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug [illegible].

NEW ADVER ISEMENTS.

Pennsylvania Female College,

PITTSBURGH (EAST END).
Rev. THOMAS C. STRONG, D.D., President.
The SECOND TERM will commence on WEDNESDAY, January 5, 1876.
The course of study is complete in each department. The training thorough. The government that of a Christian Home.
Application for catalogues or entrance to be made to the President. j59-TTHS

REMOVAL.

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43 Wood St., opposite St. Charles Hotel.

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Of all sizes, cut to order.
VIALS, BOTTLES AND DEMIJOHNS.
FRUIT JARS,
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Sufferers from Seminal diseases know the universal failures of all known medicines to reach this class of diseases. By a recent discovery in the application, the celebrated London Physician, Dr. Althaus, has invariably cured every case in which he has tried it. This is also the experience at the Pittsburgh Electrical Institute. Cures are so certain that a guarantee is given in every case.
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SUCCESSORS TO HALL & SPEER,
Globe Plow Works,
DUQUESNE WAY,
Below Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh.
Plows, Cultivators, Road Scraps, Shovel Moulds, Road and Grading Plows.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the assessment plans and schedule of assessments for the Hiland avenue improvement, from Penn avenue to the line of the new water works, will be open for inspection from JANUARY 14TH to FEBRUARY 3D. All parties interested therein will please call at the Eighth House, Hiland avenue, and file their objections, if any there be, to said assessment.

CHAS. LOCKHART,
E. C. NEGLEY,
S. B. MCELROY,
H. H. STEWART,
E. B. CARNAHAN,
Commissioners.
R. Q. WHITTEN, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, January 2, 1876. 2:14

JNO. GILLESPIE,

Chimney Sweep.
GRATES, FURNACES AND STOVES
SET AND PUT IN ORDER.
All Orders promptly attended to.
Residence No. 14 STRAWBERRY ALLEY.

How They Did It.

They were sitting side by side,
And she sighed and then he sighed.

Said he: "My darling idol!"
And he idled, and then she idled.

"You are creation's belle,"
And she bellowed and then he bellowed.

"On my soul there's such a weight,"
And he waited, and then she waited.

"Your hand I ask, so bold I'm grown,"
And he groaned, and then she groaned.

"You shall have your private gig,"
And she giggled, and then he giggled.

Said she: "My dearest Luke—"
And he looked, and then she looked.

"I'll have thee, if thou wilt,"
And he wilted, and then she wilted.

A Norwegian Maiden's Bethrothal.

Upon all the Norwegian vessels now in port, sixteen or eighteen in number, bunting was liberally displayed yesterday, and the flag of the international code of maritime signals on them read to the initiated, "I wish you happiness." This demonstration was made in honor of the betrothal of Capt. E. Molbach, of Langesund, Norway, commander of the Norwegian bark Ebenezer, now in port, and Miss Henrietta Madsen, of Bergen, Norway. In accordance with Norwegian custom the engagement of the young couple was publicly celebrated, and festivities were indulged in by the friends of both parties. Capt. Molbach entertained the Norwegian ship masters and officers at the house of Capt. Humble, a native of Finland, No. 125 Thames street, where speeches were made, sentiments given and mirth and song prevailed.

The bride-expectant was congratulated by her friends at her home with Capt. Jahn, a Norwegian, No. 117 Thames street. Capt. Molbach bore his honors bravely, but the maiden shrank rather timidly from the very hearty greetings bestowed upon her. She came to Baltimore from Bergen some months ago. Capt. Molbach will sail in his vessel with a cargo of grain for Europe, and expects to return to Baltimore in three months, when the wedding will come off, and he will carry his bride back to her native land. In Norway at the betrothal the lover presents his fiance with a prayer book, among other presents, and the affair is considered of more importance as an interesting event than the wedding ceremonies.—*Baltimore Sun.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

1876. 1876.

JANUARY 1st.

ERWIN,

172 & 174 Federal St.
Another invoice of those
Black All Wool Cashmeres,
At 90c and $1. We claim these goods to be the best value in this city at that price.
Colored French and English Cashmeres,
At 30c, 37½c, 50c, 62½c and 75c. New goods in all the new and popular shades—never so low before.

BARGAINS.

Our Dress Goods Department now contains many excellent bargains, as we have marked down a great variety of goods to close them out preparatory to taking our annual inventory of stock.

CLOAKS AND JACKETS

We have been unable to supply the demand this season for these goods, particularly those of our own manufacture. We would be pleased to have any one contemplating the purchase of a garment of this kind to look at our goods before buying.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In our Blanket, Flannel, Domestic and Housekeeping Departments, well worthy of attention.

A. W. ERWIN,

172 AND 174 FEDERAL ST.,
Allegheny City, Pa.

January 4th, 1876.

B. & B.,

128 Federal St.
This is the Season for Bargains. People Expect Them. Call and You Shall not be Disappointed,
As our entire stock has been marked down, and in connection with recent large purchases of goods, in many instances, less than cost of importation or production. Hence we offer with the beginning of this Centennial year a better assorted stock and lower prices than ever before.
WE APPEND A
Few Special Bargains!
New Black Gros Grain Dress Silks at $1.50 and $1.75.
New Black Silks at $2.50, well worth $3.
New Real Brown Silks at $1 40, extra quality.
New Myrtle Green, Navy Blue Silks at very low prices.
Large assortment Tycoon Repps at 15c to 20c.
Choice New Tycoon Repps, just received.
The greatest bargains will be found in our
DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT
As we have marked down some 50c goods to 25c, and some 75c goods to 50c; also, some $1 goods to 50c—many of them All Wool Fabrics and desirable shades.

FINE CLOAKS

AT LESS THAN COST.
Ladies who have deferred their Cloak purchases until now, can get a positive bargain from our recent purchase and large stock reduced.
A large lot of BLACK ALPACAS at 37½c and 50c; very fine goods, purchased at about 60c on the dollar, and offered at a small profit.
Large arrivals of NEW BLACK CASHMERES, special and extra value at 85, 90, 95c and $1; New 46-inch Black Cashmeres at 95c.

Boggs & Buhl,

128 Federal St., Allegheny, Pa.
N. B.—One bale of Fine Russia Crash, slightly wet, purchased at a under writer's sale.

First Premium Awarded
AT
PITTSBURGH EXPOSITION
FOR
Brussels Carpets,
FROM
M'FARLAND, COLLINS & CO.,
Who have just opened an invoice of the new
WOVEN DRUGGETS,
The first that have been made for 2 years, and are especially suited for this market.
NO. 101 FIFTH AVENUE,
Next to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice.

CARPETS!

A CHOICE STOCK.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

29 FIFTH AVENUE.

CARPETS!

77 Fifth Avenue,

ABOVE WOOD STREET.

HENRY M'CALLUM.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

1876.

NOS. 165, 167 AND

THIS DAY!!

WE OFFER A
SPECIAL BARGAIN
In Latest Patterns in
PLAID SUITINGS,
At 12½c, 15 and 18½c, worth really 20, 25 and 28c.
At 25, 30 and 37½c, new styles in Wool Serge Plaids, a real bargain.
At 50 and 62½c.

CAMEL'S HAIR

Suitings, fine goods, worth $1 and $1.12½.
At present we are also offering
SPECIAL LOW PRICES
For fine assortments of Knickerbocker and Arctic Suitings, Melton Serges and Plain Dress Suitings, Colored Alpacas and Mohairs. 6-4 Plain and Barred Camel's Hair Suitings at a very low price.
Fine Colored Cashmeres, Merinos and Drap de Ete; Irish and Silk Poplins and Reps. Extra good value in Wool and Silk Warp.

CASHMERES,

All qualities and grades. Full and complete line of
BLACK ALPACAS
And MOHAIRS, at the lowest prices. Real good bargains in black and colored
DRESS SILKS!
The very best value for the money; from 75c to $3.50 per yard.
Our stock is very complete in every description of Dress Fabrics, and Special Bargains for this month are now on our counters.

Reduction in Prices.

SEAL SACQUES,
SEAL MUFFS.
SEAL BOAS.
SEAL SACQUES, Fur Trimmed.
CLOTH SACQUES.
DRESS SILKS.
DRESS GOODS.
A FULL STOCK OF
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS
BLANKETS, COMFORTS, FLANNELS,
FOR THE COLD WEATHER.
A large stock of Fancy Articles for presents.
Cashmere Lace Scarfs and Bows, Silk Ties, Cravats, L. C. Handkerchiefs in Fancy Boxes, Initial Handkerchiefs.

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

35 Fifth Avenue.

January 1.—Norfolk, Va., Destroyed by British Fleet —1776.
AND NOW,
JANUARY 1, 1876,
CENTENNIAL YEAR,
Big Profits and Long Prices will be destroyed by
"Our New System."

Ladies' Linen Collar, pair Cuffs and Swiss Tie for	19c
Ladies' Reversible Cuffs	19c
Linen Embroidered Set Collar and Cuffs	49c
Ladies' Work Box with Scissors, Thimble &c. &c.	49c
Corded Border and Embroidered Corner Linen Handkerchief	8c
Ladies' Silk Neck or Pocket Handkerchief	38c
Men's Undershirt or Drawers	38c
Ladies' Very Fine Merino Shirts	63c
Men's Merino ½ Hose, 2 pair for	25c
Men's Rib Shaker ½ Hose	19c
40 Bone or Double S Steel Corsets	98c
Ladies' 8 Button Kids	98
Combination Lap Board	$1.25

Silk and Cashmere Ties and Bows, Nubias, Hosiery, Gloves, Combs, Shirts, Suspenders, Trimmings, &c., in great variety.
STOCK KEPT FULL ALL THE YEAR.

J. D. CARLISLE,

87 FIFTH AVENUE.
ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.
FORT PITT
Boiler, Still and Tank Works.
D. W. C. Carroll & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Tubular, Double-flued Tubular, Fire Box and Cylinder Steam Boilers.
Oil Stills and Oil Tanks.
Chimneys, Breeching and Ash Pans.
Settling Pans, Salt Pans and Condensers.
Steam Pipes, Gasometers and Iron Bridges.
Prison Doors and Coal Shutes.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

O'Hara Boiler Works

N. SNYDER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Boilers,
OIL TANKS,
Stills, Agitators, Salt Pans, Gasometers, Settling Pans,
PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.
Cor. Second Av. and Liberty St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.
PENN AVENUE
Boiler Works.
JARED M. BRUSH & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STEAM BOILERS, OIL STILLS,
SHEET IRON WORK, &c.
No. 61 Penn Avenue.
ARCHITECTS.
BARR & MOSER
ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building, Cor. Sixth avenue and Smithfield street.
E. M. BUTZ, Architect,
64 and 66 Federal street, Allegheny,
has designed and superintended the erection of the Fourth Reform School Buildings, German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Second Ward Public School, Allegheny, Seventh U. P. Church, 44th street, Pittsburgh, City Hall, New Castle, Pa., Boyle Block, Federal street, Allegheny, 806 DWELLINGS public and private buildings.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS

SATURDAY,

A T
WILLIAM
169 FEDERAL STRE
LADIES' AND MISSES'
FELT SKIRTS.
Ladies' and Misses' Balmoral and Cloth Skirts, Ladies' Quilted Satin and Alpaca Skirts, at lowest prices. Ladies' and Misses' Vests; very low. Ladies and Misses' Drawers, Children's Night Suits, &c., &c.
WINTER CLOTHING
Latest styles, Ready-Made, for Men and Boys.
OVERCOATS!
And Small Kilt Suits, made of newest styles cut and material, at the very lowest prices. Ladies' Ready-Made
SUITS!
Black and Colored, made and trimmed in the best of style. Special attention to suits made to order. Closing at a bargain, a few real Seal Skin
SACQUES,
Marked very low. All grades and kinds of Ladies' and Misses' Fur and Children's Sets. The very lowest prices for Ladies' and Misses' Sacques, all sizes and fine assortment of styles. A large and beautiful variety of new styles of
SHAWLS,
At lowest prices. Beaver and Rough Cloth Sacquings; Honeycomb and Turkish Sacquings, the best value. Full lines of Ladies', Misses', Children's, Gents' and Boys'
BOOTS, SHOES,
Gaiters, Slippers, Overshoes, &c.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE.
500 Barrels Minnesota Flour.
150 Barrels Rye Flour.
150 Barrels Burmuda Red Onions.
200 Barrels Sweet Michigan Cider.
25 Cars Hay.
100 Bales Choice Wisconsin Hops.
For sale by
ROBT. F. WEDDELL,
347 Liberty street.
The Only Grain Warehouse in Pittsburgh with Track Connections.
LAING & M'KALLIP
347 Liberty, 134 Fifth avenue and 81st street and A. V. R. R.,
DEALER IN
Grain, Feed, Hay, Cement,
LIME, PLASTER AND
ANTHRACITE & CANNEL COAL.
New Orleans Sugar & Molasses
"WHITE STAR" FLOUR
FULL LINE GROCERIES.
Watt, Lang & Co.,
172 and 174 WOOD STREET.
SUNDRIES.
100 Bbls. Choice Michigan Apples, carefully packed in good new packages.
2 Cars Choice Michigan White Wheat.
Corn, Oats, Chopped Feed, &c., &c., in store and to arrive. Also—
10 Bales Cotton (2 bushel) Sacks, cheap.
A few hundred of those heavy "India Bags."
HITCHCOCK, MCCHERRY & CO.,
349 Liberty Street.
Office up stairs.
de1

GEORGE STEWART,

Commission Merchant,
And Wholesale Dealer in
FLOUR, GROCERIES, GRAIN, FEED AND PRODUCE.
No. 11 West Ohio street, Allegheny City.
Orders for shipment promptly executed. Particular attention given to consignments of all kinds of Country Produce. mh11:kld

PETER KEIL. ..... JAS. F. RITCHART.
KEIL & RITCHART,
Commission Merchants,
And dealers in Flour, Grain, Seeds, Mill Feed, &c.
349 LIBERTY STREET,
Patterson's Block, Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. M. CALDWELL & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
And Dealers in
HAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,
205 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orders for Shipments and Consignments solicited and promptly attended to.

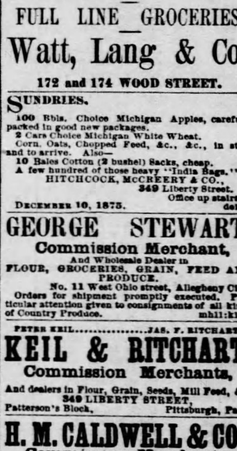
JOHN PORTERFIELD & CO.,

FAMILY GROCERS,
And dealers in best brands of ST. LOUIS FLOUR,
No. 15 MARKET STREET,
Corner of First avenue.

AIKEN, WALLACE & POLLOCK,

185 LIBERTY STREET,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Choice Apples, Cranberries, Jersey Sweet Potatoes, and Produce generally received daily. Consignments solicited and prompt returns guaranteed.
JOHN SHIPTON ..... A. WALLACE.
SHIPTON & WALLACE
WHOLESALE
Grocers and Produce Dealers,
No. 6 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

New Improvements
FOR THE
FIERY FURNACE.



THE
AGITATING GRATE
(LARKIN'S PATENT.)
The Most Powerful, Simple and Effective Grate in the World.
The FIERY FURNACE is adapted for Churches, School Houses and all kinds of public and private buildings.
MANUFACTURED BY
GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.
Who are also the Manufacturers of the IMPROVED DOUBLE-OVEN
Boston Cooking Range,
PARLOR AND COOK STOVES, Etc.
206 AND 208 LIBERTY STREET.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

JANUARY 8,

A T
SEMPLE'S,
169 FEDERAL ST, ALLEGHENY CITY, PENNSYLVANIA.
LARGE ADDITIONS OF
NEW GOODS
Made this week to our present attractive stock of Domestic
DRY GOODS!
New lines of Shirting Prints, beautiful new styles Percales, new assortment of Chintzes and medium and
DARK PRINTS!
Mourning and Knickerbocker Prints. A bargain—at 11c, 4-4 "Fruit of the Loom"
MUSLIN!
At 12½c, extra good value in Bleached Muslin, an old favorite make. At 5, 6¼ and 7c, new styles light and dark
CALICOS!
All fast colors. At 5, 6¼ and 8½c, good Bleached and Unbleached Muslin. At 9 and 10c, very heavy and fine Shooting Muslin. At 8½c, all-linen
TOWELS!
And Towelings, extra good value. Pillow Case and Sheeting Muslins, all widths at lowest prices. Sheeting Linens, Irish Linens, all grades.
TABLE LINENS!
And Damasks, Table Cloths in white and colors, Table Napkins in white and colors.
German and French Towels, Initial Fringed Towels. Good bargains in
SHIRT FRONTS.
Extra good bargains in this department.

OFFICIAL—PITTSBURGH.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, MUNICIPAL HALL, PITTSBURGH, Jan. 7, 1876.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Viewers' Report of damages caused by grading of Main street, from Penn avenue to Liberty avenue, has been approved by Councils, which action will be final unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten (10) days from date.
A. DEMPSTER, City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, MUNICIPAL HALL, PITTSBURGH, January 7, 1876.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Viewers' Report on the opening of Grandview avenue from Washington street to Sherman street, has been approved by Councils, which action will be final unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten (10) days from date.
A. DEMPSTER, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF THE CITY ENGINEER, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Jan. 5, 1876.
NOTICE—THE ASSESSMENT FOR the construction of the Long alley Sewer, from Chestnut street westward 240 feet, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until SATURDAY, January 15th, 1876, when it will be placed in the hands of the City Comptroller to serve notices for the payment of the same.
j28 CHARLES DAVIS, City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, MUNICIPAL HALL, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 21, 1875.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Viewers' Report of damages caused by grading Hazelwood avenue, from Monongahela River to Four Mile Run Road, has been approved by Councils, which action will be final unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK.

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - $200,000.

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

ROBINSON BROTHERS

NO. 78 FOURTH AVENUE,

BANKERS.

Buy and sell on Commission GOVERNMENT BONDS, STATE AND CITY SECURITIES, RAILROAD BONDS AND STOCKS.

Special attention paid to purchase and sale of all LOCAL SECURITIES of Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

FIRST CLASS REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES WANTED; ALSO $5,000 WARD SCHOOL BONDS.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, January 11, 1876.

The hoped-for developments in money and business circles with the new year have not yet taken place. Business moves sluggishly, and money is not easily distributed from hand to hand. There is a hope prevailing that a better condition of things will yet be reached, but it may be toward spring, when the fruition desired shall be reached. The situation of financial affairs varies somewhat at the different banks. Those that have a large list of country correspondents have experienced a much more severe drain upon their resources than those with a business largely local. The demands for the country are still large, and, though not up to the figures of two or three weeks ago, are sufficient to keep the loanable resources of their correspondents here reduced to a low point. Banks with a mercantile and local line of customers, have no difficulty in supplying their customers with all the paper they want.

At Philadelphia the money market continues easy and is steady at 4@6 per cent. for call loans, strictly first-class two-name paper at 6 per cent., strictly first-class single-name paper at 6@7 per cent., loans on Government collateral at 6 per cent., do. do. on first-class bonds and stocks at 6@6½ per cent., do. do. on second-class bonds and stocks at 7@8 per cent. The money that was called out of bank in payment of interest and dividends is steadily finding its way back to the banks and to the usual channels of trade.

Some important railroad negotiations, as we learn through the New York papers, have just been brought to a successful issue at London, where on Saturday last, the 1st day of January, 1876, Messrs. J. S. Morgan & Co. brought out £1,350,000 sterling consolidated mortgage bonds of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad, guaranteed by the Baltimore & Ohio Company, and Messrs. McCalmont Bros. £2,000,000 sterling Philadelphia & Reading general mortgage. Both of these loans, as w understand, are 6 per cents, and, it is re ported, were both promptly taken, which shows reviving confidence in good Americ can railway securities among English capitalists. Messrs. Drexel, Morgan & Co, of New York, have already drawn some sterling against these loans. It may be proper to say that these loans account for the large sales of sterling during the past few weeks by Messrs. Drexel, Morgan & Co., who represent in New York both negotiations, and who have managed their part with their usual skill, all the loans reported being a decided success.

The New York *Tribune*, alluding to the expected improvement in the stock market there after the announcement of the recent dividend by the Lake Shore Railroad, says, "This paying of dividends after an interval of eighteen months (3½ per cent), and then another after a further lapse of one year (2 per cent), and styling each of them "semi-annual" dividends, seems to have lost its charm with the average investor and speculator."

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

U.S. 6's, 1881	115
U.S. 5's, 1881, reg.	112½
" 1864, all called	—
" 1865	116½
" 1867	116½
U.S. 5-20's—coupons, 1865	119½
5-20's 1867	119½
5-20's 1868—coupons	120¾
5-20's "	120¾
Currency 6's	122½
New 5 per cents	116¾
10-40's—coupons	118½

RAILWAYS.

N. Y. Cen.	104½
Erie	17¾
L. S.	76¼
M. C. & L. S.	63
Pa. R. R.	57½
Ft. Wayne	98
Chicago & Alton	100
Pittsburgh	86
Rock Island	106½
Northwestern	39½
Northwestern pfd.	57½
Fort Wayne	98½
Ohio & Miss.	17½
C. C. C. & I.	100
Del. Lack. & W.	118½
Mich. Cen.	92
Mich. S. & N. I.	84
Ill. Cen.	97½
Cleve. & Pitts.	90
Pitts. & Ft. W.	87½
Pitts. & Con.	73½
Ohio & Miss. pfd.	71¾
Toledo & Wabash	71
Wabash pfd.	84
Terre Haute	10½
Terre Haute pfd.	30
American Express	57½
U. S. Express	60½
W. F. Express	50
Quick-silver	14
Quick-silver pfd.	50
Pacific Mail	36½
Western Union	71¾
Panama	120
Iron Mountain	15

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

P. R. R. (B)	54¾
Lehigh Gold Loan	97¾
U. Cos. of N. J. (B)	134½
Oil Creek (B)	51½
Lehigh Valley (B)	62¾
Cam. Trans	—
Leading (C)	26¼
A. V. R. R. 7-30 (A)	93
P. C. & St. L. 7's (A)	81

NEW YORK, January 10, 1876.

Money chiefly 6@7, with exceptions at 1-32; prime mercantile paper 6½@8. The customs receipts were $275,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $383,000. The clearings were $43,000,000. Sterling was quiet.

Gold opened at 113¾ and closed at 113 all sales of the day having been made at these figures. The rates paid for carrying were 4, 3, 5, 6½, and 7 per cent. Government were active and firm, and in some cases higher. Railroad bonds were less active and irregular in price. State securities were quiet. Stocks opened strong and higher, the advance ranging from ½ to 1¾ per cent. The dealings were large and attended with considerable animation. Lake Shore rose from 61¾ to 63¾, Union Pacific from 71 to 72¾, Pacific Mail from 36¾ to 37¾, and Western Union from 75¾ to 76¾. After the second call there was a reaction, and prices fell off ½@¾ per cent., but at the close the market was strong and higher, with a partial recovery from the afternoon reaction. The active list for the day was quite marked. Northwest and St. Paul shares were prominent in the rise, as were also Lake Shore, Pacific Mail and Union Pacific. Panama sold down to 140. The transactions aggregated 178,000 shares, with the principal dealings as follows: Pacific Mail 36,000, Union 24,000, St. Paul common 5,000, preferred 8,000, Lake Shore 80,000, and Rock Island 4,000.

Governments.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 120½; do of '65, 116½; do of '65, new, 117½; do of '67, 119½; do of '68, 120½; new 5s, 117; 10-40s registered, 117½; do coupons, 118½; currency 6s, 122½.

State Bonds.—Tennessee, 6s, old, 44; do 6s, new, 42¾; Virginia 6s old, 57; do new, 6s 38; new 6s 100½.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph, 75½; Pacific Mail, 34½; Mariposa, 9; Mariposa preferred, 9½; Adams Express, 102¼; Wells Fargo Express, 80½; American Express, 57½; U. S. Express, 61; New York Central, 106½; Erie, 17½; do preferred, 31; Harlem, 133; do preferred, 131; Michigan Central, 88; Panama, 30; Union Pacific stock, 71½; Lake Shore, 63¼; Illinois Central, 98½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 90; Northwestern, 39½; do preferred, 57½; C. C. & I. C., 61; New Jersey Central 103½; Rock Island, 106½; St. Paul, 36½; do preferred, 69½; Wabash, 24; do preferred, 51; Fort Wayne, 98½; Terre Haute, 5; do preferred, 19; Chicago & Alton, 100; do preferred, 7; Ohio & Mississippi, 17½; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 118½; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph, 18½; Indiana Central, 8½; Chicago, Burington & Quincy, 154; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 121½; Central Pacific bonds, 104½; Union Pacific bonds, 103½; Union Pacific land grants, 103½; Union Pacific sinking fund bonds 94.

LONDON, January 10.—The rate of discount in open market for three months' bills is 4¼ per cent., being ½ below the Bank of England rate. The rate for money on the Stock Exchange on Government securities is ½. Consols: money, 93 9-16; account, 93 13-16; 5-20s of '65, 104½; 5-20s of 1867, 107½; 10-40s, 106; new 5s, 105¾; New York Central, 97; Erie, 14½; do preferred, 29.

PARIS, January 10.—Rentes, 65@67½f.

FRANKFORT, January 10.—New 5s, 99¾.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, January 10.—Cotton dull 13 5-16@13 1-2c; futures closed weak; January 13 1-32@13 1-16c; February 13 31-32c; March 13 15-32c; April 13 1-16c; May 13 23-32c; June 13 7-8@13 29-32c; June 14 3-32@14 1-8c; July 14 7-32@14¼c; August 14 5-16@14 11-32c.

NEW ORLEANS, January 10.—Cotton: demand fair; sales 8,000 bales; medium and higher grades strong at Saturday's improvement; lower grades irregular and steady. The sales include two bales good and fine from a plantation near Jackson, Tennessee, which were bought for the Centennial, at 20c per pound; receipts, not, 21,384; gross 23,387; exports continent 3,936; Great Britain 3,600; stock 384,673.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, January 10.—Business continues dull, with commission houses and importers. Plaid and shirting prints and cotton hosiery were in fair request. Fruit of the Loom 4-4 bleached shirtings are reduced to 11c, and other widths in proportion. Washington and Union Spring prints opened at 7 1-2c. Fancy cassimeres were in limited demand. Foreign goods were dull.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, January 10, 1876.

The leading merchandise markets continue very dull, as they generally are at this particular time, but the outlook is more cheerful, and our merchants and manufacturers are hopeful of a good, healthy, legitimate spring trade. At present, however, trade, in nearly every branch, is being conducted on a very limited scale, as there is a determination, both on the part of retailers and consumers, to carry no more stock than is absolutely necessary. It was feared that there would be more financial embarrassments brought to light this month, it being the time for adjusting of annual and semi-annual accounts, but thus far, we are happy to say, these apprehensions have not been realized. In a word, the general outlook, both financially and commercially, is improving, confidence is being restored, and we look for a general revival in all branches of trade within the next few weeks.

APPLES—The market continues dull, with prices barely maintained, and about the only bright spot is the almost cessation of receipts. Dealers generally continue to report that their apples are still rotting pretty freely, and this being the case, there is a strong disposition to realize—to close out as soon as possible. We continue to quote at $2,50a3 per barrel for common to good, and $3, $3,25a3,50 for prime to choice.

APPLE BUTTER—Is in light, meagre supply, as compared with what it usually is at this season of the year, but the demand is light and prices remain unchanged;

ALE—Unchanged. City brands, $9 per bbl for X to country and $8 to city; XX, $10; India Ale, $11. Half bbls at proportionate rates.

ASHES—Following are the current jobbing rates: Common Soda Ash (48 per cent.) 3¼c; Refined do, 58 per cent., 4 cts; Coal Ash, 4; Potash, 7¾a8; Nitrate Soda, 4; Manganese, 6½; Arsenic, 5½; Four Spar, 2a2¼c.

BUTTER—The receipts during the past week have been heavy, and with scarcely a average demand, the supply is steadily accumulating, and a stronger disposition to realize, prices are weak and lower. Prime to choice rolls, 23a25c; medium to good, 18a22c; common, 12a15c.

BEANS—No improvement in the demand; prices weak but unchanged. Sales of navies to the trade at $1,25 per bushel.

BROOMS—"Union Factory" prices: No. 1 common, $2,25; No. 3 hurl, $2,50; No. 4 Hurl, $3,00; No. 5 hurl, $3,25; No. 6 hurl; $3,50. No. 3 carpet, $3; No. 5 carpet, $4,25; Steamboat, $3,75; toy, $150; whisks, $1,50a2,00 per dozen.

TOBACCO—Is in a jobbing way, 13½a14; New York Goshen, 14a15c.

BROOM CORN—Firm, with a fair demand. The receipts are small, as compared with the shipments. Sales, principally old Corn that will work up, with some lots of the largest new at fair figures. Short and inferior brush neglected, but held firm, as shippers think the lowest price has been reached and lots here in the hand of commission men generally limited. Messrs. R. Dickey & Co., who handle the bulk of the Corn shipped this market, report a firmer feeling, there being a fair local inquiry and an outside demand unusually urgent for this season of the year, which, with light receipts, and in view of the gradual diminishing reduction in stocks, both here and in Chicago, an advance in price of Corn that will work up is looked for. We quote: Hurl, 10½a11¼c; Choice Green brush that will work up, 9a9½c; Red Tipped, that will work up, 8a8½c; Medium, new, 7a7½c; Short inisding and covers, new, 6¾a7c. Inferior, 5¾a6c; Green Crooked, long, 6a6¼c; Red Crooked, 4½a5c.

BEESWAX—Is quoted at 28a30c per lb.

COKE—Trade continues dull, and prices are weak and lower; we now quote at $2,50 per ton, or 5c per bushel, delivered free of cars in Pittsburgh.

COAL—The coal trade remains substantially as noted in our last report; business is dull, prices unsatisfactory, and some of the miners still out on a strike. The indications are that business is destined to rule dull for the next sixty days. Prices irregular, and we omit quotations.

CORDAGE AND ROPE—The demand continues light, as it nearly always is at this season of the year, and prices remain unchanged, as follows:

MANILLA ROPE.

½ inch diameter and upwards	14¾ cts. per lb
⅝	15¼ "
¾ and 5-16 in. diameter	15¾ "
Tarred rope and tarry yarn	14¼ "
Hay, stave and leather twine	13¾ "

OIL WELL DRILLING CABLES.

Hawser laid	16¾ cts. per lb
" Bolt Rope Yarns	16¾ "
Sand Pump Rope	14¾ "

MANILLA ROPE.

½ inch diameter and upward	11¾ cts. per lb
⅝	12¾ "
¾ and 5-16 in. diameter	12¾ "
Hay, Spoke and Leather Twine	12¾ "

NEW ZEALAND ROPE.

½ inch diameter and upward	11¾ cts. per lb
⅝	12¾ "
¾ and 5-16 in. diameter	12¾ "
Hay twine	12¾ "
Tarred jute twine	11¾ "

GROCERIES—Coffee—A marked effort was made last week to put Coffee up, but the importers failed to induce jobbers to go in, and sold early in the week at a decline of ¼c. The stock of Rio at all the ports was 295,128 bags, and 49,500 bags and 82,809 mats—all in first hands. The market closed firm at the late decline. Java 1c per lb lower. The Rio telegram of the 8th inst. is as follows:

	Hhds.	Bbls.	Hf Bbls.
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Price 8-500—Exchange 26¾—market firm.			

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1874	55,971	154,124	3,574
1875	57,986	147,758	2,898

Which shows that the large crop of this year has not been marketed, and that this month will show largely increased receipts over last year. The market at New Orleans closed steady, with a good demand. Molasses very firm for choice grades. Syrups firm. Rice easy.

SUGARS.

Cut Loaf	12¾
Crushed	11¾
Granulated	11¾
Powdered	11¾
Standard A	10¾
Standard B	10¾
Standard Ex C	10¾
Light Yellows	9 @ 9¼
N. O. new crop	8¾@ 9¼

COFFEES.

Fancy Rio	R. Rio, lb pkgs 27¾
Prime Rio	R. Rio, loose 27¾
Good Rio	Roasted Java, 34
Old Gov. Java 34	

Carolina ... 8 | Bangoon ... 7

SYRUPS.

Choice	Fair
Prime	Dark

MOLASSES.

N.O. choice	N.O. strictly prime
N.O. prime	Demarara

SOAPS.

Best Wax	Babbitt's Best, per box
Superior Wax	
Woman's Friend	White Russian, per box
Duchess, per box	

TEAS.

Young Hyson	Japan
Gunpowder	Oolong
Imperial	Pouchong

FRUITS.

Val. Raisins, per lb	Turkish Prunes
L. Raisins, per box	French Prunes
Currents, per lb	

SUNDRIES.

Silver gloss Starch	
Pearl Starch	
Lamp Chimneys, No. 1 and 2	
Lamp Burners, No. 2	
Bi Carb Soda, in kegs	
Sal Soda, kegs	
Pearl Barley, per bbl	
Oil Meal, in bbl	
Oil Meal, half bbl	
" German Mills	
Shot—drop	
Shot—buck	

GRAIN—The movement in Wheat continues on a very limited scale, and no immediate improvement seems probable; millers complain, and with good reason too, that Wheat is higher relatively than the product, and that they cannot afford to pay current rates and compete with western flours, yet it appears impossible to obtain good sound Wheat any lower, as prices are still maintained at the source of supply; while sprouty stock, of which the offerings largely consist, is hard to dispose of at any price, as there is no sale for the product. New Penna. and Ohio red Wheat, $1,20a1,30 for common to good, and $1,33a1,35 for prime; north western red, $1,35a1,40. There is little or no demand for white, and it will not bring any more than good red. The demand for Oats continues light, restricted to supplying immediate wants, while as regards prices there has been no quotable change for several weeks. Sales of mixed Penna. and Ohio at 39a41c; do. white 42a43c; choice western white, of which the market is almost bare, 44a45c. New Corn, on track, is quotable at 50a53c for either Ear or Shelled, according to quality and condition. The supply of old Shelled Corn is almost exhausted in this market, and there is not much inquiry; last sales reported were at 61a65c, free in elevator, for prime yellow. Rye is quotable at 80a82c, and quiet. Nothing doing in Barley.

HEMP—Dull; quoted nominally at $155a 60 per ton for Kentucky Rough. No dressed here.

HOMINY—We note a steady demand at $4 per bbl in round lots and $4,25 in a small way

HAY—The receipts of baled continue liberal, and with a supply somewhat in excess of the demand, prices are weak, and, as compared with the date of our last report, a shade lower; upland prairie, $12a14 per ton; timothy, $17a19. Loose, from countrywagons, $17a22, according to quality and condition. Straw, $10a12.

HIDES—The market has ruled dull, but now the demand has increased, so that at present the receipts are but little more than are required for immediate orders. We quote:

Green Salted Cows	7 a 7¾
Green Salted Steers, Light	8 a 8¾
Green Salted Steers, Heavy	9 a 9¾
Green Salted Calf	11 a12
Green Butcher Cows	6
Green Butcher Steers, light	7
Green Butcher Steers, heavy	8
Green Butcher Calf	10

LEATHER—Trade has been rather quiet since the beginning of the year, but there is beginning now to be rather an improved feeling, and the trade look for a fair degree of activity during the remainder of the present month. Harness is in fair demand. Upper remains low and hard to move. Calf are quiet. Rough Leather is in good demand. We quote:

Oak Sole, country	0.33@ 0.38
Oak Sole, city	0.36@ 0.40
Red Sole, B. A., heav and mid	0.30@ 0.33
Red Sole, Oronoco	0.29@ 0.31
Red Sole, good dgd	0.27@ 0.30
Oak, Rough	0.25@ 0.28
Harness, city oak	0.37@ 0.40
Harness, country	0.32@ 0.34
Harness, No. 2 and common	0.30@ 0.32
Fair Skirting	0.40@ 0.43
Fair Bridle, ₰ doz	80.00@90.00
Belt Leather	0.40@ 0.45
Finished Calf	0.90@ 1.25
Finished Upper, ₰ foot	0.18@ 0.22
Finished Kips	0.90@ 1.00

LUMBER—Following are the current rates:

Flooring, No 1 per M	$25 00
" No 2	21 00
Best No 1 16-inch Shingles	4 75
Moulded Weatherboards per M	26 00
Common Surfaced boards	20 00
Barn boards	20 00
Sheeting boards	15 00

Mouldings ¾c per inch square per running foot. Inside Shutters, inch thick, 20c per square foot. Window Frames and Sash from $2.50 to $3.50 per window.

Four Panel Doors from $2.50 to $3.50 each.

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OATMEAL—The market continues overstocked and dull, with a very light demand—selling, in a small way, at $1,25a1,50 per bbl.

OILS—Choice brands of Lard Oil firmer, and a shade higher. P. & G.'s Extra, $1,06 at,10; W. Alexander & Co.'s ditto, 97c@$1. No. 1, 87a90; No. 2, 72a75c. P. & G.'s Miners Oil, 65a68c. J. W. Lewis & Co.'s winter strained White and yellow Whale firmer, with a good demand at 65a70c. Linseed Oil, 63a65c. Carbon firm and higher, 11a 11½ cents.

PROVISIONS—The demand at the western packing markets was quite urgent at the close of the week, and prices ruled higher on the whole list. Mess Pork was strong. Lard steady at 5c per cwt advance.

Meats in active demand at an average advance of ¼ of a cent—closing firm. There has been no general advance in our market as yet. Following are the current jobbing rates:

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S'Pet Bacon, S. C.	15	Do. in buckets	18
Dried Beef, Ex. Sugar Cured, old	15	Do. 3 lb caddies	16¾
Beef Tongues, S. C. per doz.	6.75	Do. 5 lb do	16¾
Bacon Shoulders	10	Do. 3 lb pails	17¾
Rib Sides	14	Do. 5 lb do	17¾
Short Rib do	13¾	Do. 10 lb do	17
Clear Sides	14	Ham Sausage	9¾
Mess Pork, per bbl	$21.00	Carbon Oil	11
Family Mess Pork	21.50	Pig's Feet, in kegs	—
Short Cut	21.00	Do. do. ½ bbls	—
Lard, Prime Leaf in tierces, per lb	13¾	Do. do. bbls	—

POTATOES—The market continues slow, and with a supply in excess of present requirements prices are weak but not quotably lower. Peach Blows, on track, 65a70c. Peerless, 35a40c. The indications are that prices are not likely to rule much higher—some dealers predict that they will be still lower in the spring, basing this on the supposition that there will be increased offerings.

POULTRY—There has been a very fair market during the past week, and with a light supply, prices have been maintained better than was expected. Following are the current rates: Gibsonburg, $1,05a1,75; Fremont, $1,55a1,75; Cleveland, $1,65a1,75 Calcined Plaster—French's Selected, $4,00a 4,25; New York, $3,50a3,75; Michigan, $3,50 @3,75. Cement—Youngstown, $1,75a2,00; Louisville, $2a2,25; Rosedale, $3,00a3,50; Portland, $6,50a7; White Sand, $1,75.

CHEESE—The market continues dull, but an early improvement in the demand is expected; no change in prices. Prime Ohio Factory, 13½a14c; New York ditto, 14a14¼c. Dealers expect an increased demand within the next week or two.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, 10a11c per lb. for prime to choice quarters. Peaches, 12½a13c for halves.

DRIED FRUIT—The market continues dull and somewhat demoralized; as stated in a former report, there is considerable winter wheat flour being shipped in on consignment, the most of which is being pressed for sale, hence prices are weak and droop ing. Then the fact that a considerable portion of this flour is not of a very desirable quality, having been made from sprouty wheat, rendered it hard to sell, and we hear of some round lots having been disposed of at a sacrifice to close. Prices by jobbing way, quotations may be given at $6,00a6,50 for new red; $7a7,50 for amber and $8a9 for white wheat brands. Spring wheat flours continue to move more readily than winters, as they are giving better satisfaction, and the consumption steadily increasing, and that, too, at the expense of winters; Wisconsins, $6,25a6,50; Minnesotas; $6,50a6,75. Rye Flour dull, $5a5,25 per barrel. Buckwheat Flour, $a3½ per lb.

FEATHERS—Live Geese quoted at 62a 63c for round lots.

FISH—Following is the current rates; Extra No. 1 Mess Mackerel, per bbl, $34; No. 1 ditto, 32; Extra No. 1 Shore, 28; No. 1 ditto, 25; Extra No. 1 Bay, 22; Extra No. 2, 16; large 3's, 11; Split Labrador Herring, 9; Split Shore Herring, 8,50; Round Shore Herring, 6,50a7. White Fish, 5,75 per half bbl. Lake Herring per half bbl, 4,50; Large Georges Codfish, 6 1-2c per lb; Boneless Codfish, 7a7 1-2c; No. 1 Herring, per box, 50c; Smoked Bloater Herring, $2,30 per box; Smoked Halibut, 16 1-2c per lb; California Salmon, $9,50 per half bbl.

GROCERIES.—Coffee—A marked effort was made last week to put Coffee up, but the importers failed to induce jobbers to go in, and sold early in the week at a decline of ¼c. The stock of Rio at all the ports was 295,128 bags, and 49,500 bags and 82,809 mats—all in first hands. The market closed firm at the late decline. Java 1c per lb lower. The Rio telegram of the 8th inst. is as follows:

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Carolina ... 8 | Bangoon ... 7

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Choice	Fair
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Best Wax	Babbitt's Best, per box
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Young Hyson	Japan
Gunpowder	Oolong
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Pearl Starch	
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Lamp Burners, No. 2	
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HOME NEWS.

Sudden Death.

Shortly before noon yesterday, an elderly gentleman named Wm. Atkinson entered the dry goods store of M. Shellaby, No. 67 Ohio street, Allegheny and Mr. Shellaby invited him back near the stove. Mr. A. remained in his seat, however, and Mr. Shellaby asked him if he was sick. Mr Atkinson answered in the negative, but Mr. Shellaby discovered the contrary and sent for a physician. Before his arrival Mr. A. had expired, it is supposed from apoplexy. The deceased was about sixty-five years old, and resided on Madison avenue. He was wealthy, and had long since retired from active business.

School Board Organized.

The North Sub-district (Fourth ward) School Board met at the school house last evening at eight o'clock for organization. W. F. Herron, Esq., Was chosen temporary Chairman, and Dr. J. C. Burgher Secretary. Mr. C. Burchfield presented credentials and took his seat as a member of the Board. Mr. J. F. Johnston, member-elect, in consequence of his contemplated removal from the ward, tendered his resignation as a member of the Board. The resignation was accepted, and Mr. M. Whitmore appointed to fill the vacancy. The election for officers was then held, resulting in the unanimous choice of J. C. Burgher, M. D., for President; W. A. Herron, Esq., for Secretary, and Mr. John G. Holmes for Treasurer. The election as representative to the Central Board was postponed until the next stated meeting.

De Camp's Answer to the Suit for Slander.

An answer was filed in the Common Pleas Court No. 1 yesterday by George W. De Camp in the action for slander brought against him by R. H. Rowand, growing out of the Verona borough troubles. Mr. De Camp denies that he called the plaintiff a thief or a bankrupt. He may have called him a scoundrel or a liar in relation to his conduct as borough solicitor and member of the borough of Verona. He expects to be able to prove and justify all the charges set out in the plaintiff's declaration of claim, except what he specifically denies in the answer. He further says that he has not uttered any false or slanderous words against the plaintiff at any time, but on the contrary, has protected the plaintiff's reputation, and at all times admonished him not to speak ill of attempts to steal the bonds of the borough of Verona, and to quit all evil practices. He further alleges that whatever he may have said against the plaintiff was as the burgess of Verona, and not against him personally.

A Few More Robberies in Allegheny.

On Sunday evening between seven and eight o'clock some person broke the window in the front part of Beckfield & Niehause's grocery store on Ohio street, near East Diamond, and stole three codfish. During Sunday night the hen roost of a gentleman living near the Observatory was robbed of fifteen chickens.

Last evening about six o'clock three young men broke the front window in J. Brook's shoe store on Jackson street, between Monterey and Webster streets, and stole three pairs of boots valued at $30 and made off with them. Mr. Brooks was eating supper in the rear part of the house at the time.

About four o'clock yesterday afternoon James McPhillany, who resides in Sharpsburgh, drove up to Henzel, Regg & Co.'s Flint Glass Works, First street, Allegheny, and fastened his horse there; a short time afterward he discovered that the horse and truck-wagon had been stolen. He offers a reward of $25 for their recovery.

About eight o'clock yesterday morning officer Birtgess discovered that all the doors in the residence of Mr. Henry Charles, on North avenue near Jacob street, were standing open; and at once aroused Mr. Charles. The gentleman declared that the doors had all been closed and fastened when he retired. We did not learn whether thieves had been in the house or not.

RAILROAD MATTERS.

The Business of the P. V. & C. R. W.

The following officers of the Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston Railway were elected at the annual meeting of stockholders held yesterday:—John Scott, Vice President—B. F. Jones; Directors—David A. Stewart, W. J. Howard, Joseph Walton, H. B. Hays, M. B. Thompson, George W. Lawrence, Alex. Johnston.

The receipts from all sources during the year were $153,593.80. The earnings of the freight and passenger departments aggregate $114,437.61. 249,606 passengers were carried, and the tonnage amounted to 86,497 tons. The general showing manifested that the road was in a flourishing condition.

BREVITIES.

—It is said that the reconsideration by the Governor of his appointment of Capt. W. W. Tyson, as Sealer of Weights and Measures, was caused by the fact that the present incumbent is legally entitled to hold the office until March 12th.

—A congregational meeting of the Second U. P. church was held last evening in the lecture room of the church. Mr. William Neal was called to preside and Mr. Tiby chosen Secretary. The object of the meeting was to take preliminary steps toward calling a pastor. A vote being taken, showed an almost unanimous preference for Rev. Mr. White, of Philadelphia. An adjourned meeting will be held on Thursday evening, the 27th inst., when a regular call will be sent up to Presbytery.

OBITUARY.

The Soul of Jimmy Hamill, the Great Oarsman, Takes Its Last Journey Over the River Styx.

At 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning James Hamill, the famous oarsman, died of cerebro spinal meningitis at his residence on Second avenue. The deceased was about thirty-five years old, and resided on Madison avenue. He was wealthy, and had long since retired from active business.

They were themselves surprised that no reporters presented themselves and had therefore directed the clerk of the Executive Committee to reduce the testimony to writing, and it was returned it to the Board with their report.

No reporter in the City Press that has since asked permission to copy the same has been refused. Therefore, I deny that the investigation was conducted *in private*.

Three public meetings were held in the office of one of our State Institutions on three successive days, and were as accessible to the public as if held in the Court House. The clerical engrosser of these parties was expressly invited to attend. The prosecutors and all persons desired by them were examined. The Superintendent and officers were not permitted to be present except when statements made by them were being proved, and then only for purposes of cross examination. Every inmate of the house who was called was first instructed to tell the whole truth and not to fear punishment from any officer, as the Board would protect them. Every inmate named by the prosecutors as having been improperly treated was called before the committees and carefully examined.

This testimony in almost every instance showed that the specifications of cruelty were inflicted by the accused previous to this case. In regard to whipping by Mr. Avery they admitted they had not seen it Their testimony is herewith published in full. Also the examination by the committees. No other finding could have been found on the testimony in the case.

I had hoped that even the prosecutors would have developed that two of their communicants, the one a widow the other a middle aged maiden lady, both dependent upon their position for their own support and that of others depending upon them, had not been disgraced and dismissed from their situations. If the hearts of these communicants were filled with the charity which St. Paul inculates in xiii chapter 1st Epistle to the Corinthians, I do not believe this second appeal to the public would ever have been made.

Our Board has done its whole duty in regard to this investigation. The five members of this committee are among the oldest and most reliable citizens of Allegheny county. Several of them are church officers. The thrust into the matter, three of the five committeemen and the clerk who took down the testimony are all, as I understand connected with the Presbyterian church.

In regard to an investigation called for by some of the city press to enquire whether our Institution is a useful one, I would respectfully suggest that such inquiries had better be instituted by the Board of State Charities or the Legislature.

If the committee erred in the degree of publicity given to their meetings it was out of regard to some of our most deserving female officers who did not wish their names bandied about in a newspaper discussion.

Permit me to add one word in regard to our matron. She has been in the House thirteen years, and had some two months before (a matter was agitated, given to practice of her resignation at the end of this year because the confinement is closer than she can any longer bear. It is now withdrawn from consideration at the substance of her testimony (under oath).

Came to the institution September 2d, and left November 11th, 1875. Was taken in on four weeks trial; at the end of that time was told I gave satisfaction. Does not know Mrs. McKelvy until after I came to the institution.

The officers were not friendly; treated me badly at first. Never detected Mrs. McKelvy in telling a falsehood. Was on duty from six o'clock in the morning to half-past seven o'clock in the evening; was employed as a teacher; had charge of the boys' dining room; in the forenoon to see it cleaned, and taught school in the afternoon from about two o'clock. Was called before Mr. Avery with Misses Pence, Nieman, Johnston, Mrs. McKelvy and Mrs. Miller, to answer charges preferred by Miss McCoy. Mr. Avery scolded. Miss McCoy was present. The charge was unpleasantness and that a clique was formed. Mr. Avery said a great many things—said he had it in his power to injure the position of any officer, and would not give a recommendation to any one who harbored disloyal sentiments or gave any information to any outside party that would injure the institution. My idea of disloyalty is doing anything that would incite rebellion or ill-feeling, or injure in any way the institution. Think Mr. Avery's idea was that we were always to disclose something that we had found out.

Miss McCoy did a number of little things to me that were unkind; cannot now mention any of them. Saw Miss McCoy whip Martha Cole unmercifully with a rubber hands; saw her use the whip, also with hand shut and open. I was discharged; would have remained longer, not that I was satisfied, but because I felt a deep interest in the girls. The punishments were given for trifling offenses—for going out in the yard, &c. Melissa Williams, Martha Cole, Mary Walters, Mary Trimmer and Luella Harman were all whipped by Miss McCoy. There were two girls whipped in the dining room while their faces were swollen. Have heard Miss McCoy and Mrs. Miller call girls thieves, liars, &c. The sewing room was not very orderly; the girls were only ruled by fear; their past lives were cast up to them by Mrs. Miller; the "Girl's Hell" was the name given to the sewing room. I found some of the girls unruly in the school room, but had no difficulty in controlling them; do not think them so hard to manage as the children in the public schools. When I remonstrated with Miss McCoy for my being discharged without first obtaining a hearing from the committee, she said "she guessed Mr. Avery and the committee knew what they were doing," and when talking with Mr. Avery he said "the committee hadn't anything to do with it." Was compelled to witness a degrading scene the morning I left: Mr. Avery whipping Mary Cannon and Topsey Black; did not see, but heard it; Lizzie Jones told me he (Mr. Avery) whipped those two girls; heard Mr. Avery say: "I'll take the hide off you." Saw a great deal at the table that was unpleasant, a great deal of contention; heard a quarrel between Mr. Avery and Miss Pence; Mr. Avery said that there had been so many pounds of butter used more than was ever used in the institution before. Miss Pence said it was a lie. Mr. Avery threatened to call for a policeman and have her taken out. No one came. As one instance of improper treatment, I think the girls were sent to bathe at improper times.

[Miss McCoy here stated to the committee in presence of Miss Dickey, that her school was very disorder by and very badly conducted.]

Miss McCoy was never in my school but once—about five minutes. Mrs. McKelvy several times. Miss Neiman and Miss Pence also came in.

MISS NEIMONY TESTIMONY.

Miss Neiman was called in and sworn by Mr. Gilfillan: I came into this institution on the 10th of **May**, and left on the 15th of December, 1875; had charge of the sewing room up stairs (was employed as a sewing woman); have seen marks on girls, what I considered to be cruelty; have also seen whipping in my room; a girl was slapped on each side of the head by Miss McCoy for cutting an armhole in a coat too large with out permission.

[Miss McCoy here stated that Miss Neiman had attempted to whip the girl, and she had turned on her, and she had been sent for to correct matters. Miss Neiman acknowledged that this was true.]

Have heard the whip; don't know who did the whipping. Saw marks on Lucinda Jones and Theresa Gracey; the girls said Miss McCoy whipped them; was at the meeting of officers before Mr. Avery; don't remember what he said.

Miss Lizzie Pence was called in and sworn by Mr. Gilfillan: Was in the institution six months all but five days; was employed as housekeeper; saw Miss McCoy whipping Martha Cole with her fist; another day saw Miss McCoy whip all the girls in the kitchen; gave them a general round. Lucinda Jones was whipped, but not in my presence; saw the marks of her back and as one mark was off her back in some places. Miss McClelland called the girls bad names.

Was at the meeting of officers; Mr. Avery said something about injuring reputations; said he would discharge all the officers and send for Mayor Phillip's police to hold the place until new officers could be got; I found the girls to be very good girls to work generally. My girls had a desperate dread of going into the sewing room; heard Miss H. Leigh say, "You old cow, you," twice; saw her throw bread under the table. The general conduct at the table was sometimes good and sometimes pretty rough—too rough for ladies of any respectability. Mr. Avery told me I was a mean woman; told me he would not give me a recommendation. I told him I would get a recommendation from a gentleman. (This difficulty occurred about the quantity of butter used.)

Lucinda Jones, at present an inmate, called in, and after the chairman had examined her in the manner of an oath, and no officer of the institution was present, that the committee wished her to tell the truth and that she need not be afraid to do so, as the committee would see that she was protected. Was sworn by Mr. Gilfillan, and gave testimony in substance as follows: Was whipped by Miss McCoy, but not severely, for handing towels out through the windows to the boys; Miss McCoy and other officers are kind to the girls; have seen a whip, but not with the *fist*. Mrs. McKelvy has whipped me. She was cross. Miss McCoy told me I was wanted in here and that I should tell the truth.

Mary Foley, at present an inmate, and just recovering from typhoid fever, was called in and similar remarks made to her by the Chairman, as in former cases. Sworn by Mr. Gilfillan, and testified in substance as follows:

Have been in the institution about ten months; I had to work in the laundry, ironing, till I fell off my feet; Mrs. McKelvy made me work; heard the whip; understood it was Mr. Avery correcting his own children, Jack and Girty; did not hear him say he would cut the hide off.

Sue Hallar, called and sworn—Have been here since November 15, 1875, in charge of laundry. Have been over the treatment to the children by officers since I came here; have seen Miss McCoy whip some of the girls slightly; think the religious influence is Christian and good; have not heard any vulgar language used at the tables; Miss McCoy installed me in my position; she did not call girls bad names.

Sarah McClelland called and sworn—Have been here between eleven and twelve years; in charge of the little boys at the Home. Have never seen Miss McCoy use cruel treatment to any of the children. Never heard any vulgar remarks at the table. Mrs. McKelvey, in my opinion, was not a straight out woman; think her unsuitable for an officer. Think Miss Pence was not competent to control girls. Miss Dickey's reputation for veracity was not good in the house. Was not present at the officers' meeting.

Mary Pease called and sworn—Have been in the house between nine and ten years. Am teacher in the little boys' home and organist. Never saw Miss McCoy inflict any cruel treatment on the children or strike them with her fist. Think the influence in the house a good and Christian one. Never heard any vulgarity at the table. Miss Pence sometimes made personal remarks at the table. Have known Miss McCoy to go three medicines for girls when they had the toothache. Mary Foley's fainting was occasioned by Mrs. McKelvy making her do overwork. Was not at the meeting of the officers. Have corrected children myself, but never severe. Mrs. McKelvy's conversation was coarse; once I heard her tell an obscene story unfit to repeat even to intimate lady friends.

M. Johnson called and sworn—Have been in the house two years 11th of next March; now in charge of the Infirmary; have never seen any cruel treatment or severe treatment; have seen punishment administered, but did not think it cruel. I have the privilege of sending children to the Infirmary when I find them sick; think the treatment is generally kind; have put up medicine for Miss McCoy for girls for toothache; once saw Miss McCoy strike girls with her shut fist; have seen her whip; think that the Christian influence of the house is good; Miss McCoy frequently talked to the girls in their room when I was assistant matron; Mrs. McKelvy called on me and wished to use my name in connection with these charges; think that Mrs. McKelvy, Miss Dickey and Miss Pence's influence with the children was bad; it was ridiculous for the girls; was at the meeting of the officers; did not understand; Mr. Avery to say that he would blast the reputation, &c.; he stated that unless the officers would work in harmony they would all be discharged; and the Mayor's police called in until new officers could be secured.

Mary E. Kelly called and sworn—Have been here since 15th of November, 1875; teacher in the girl's school; know of no severe whipping. Have never seen any one whipped; think the influence here is of a high degree; have never heard any improper language at the table; think the children exhibit more temper than the children of the public schools; they are more easily excited; have singing, reading, Scripture and Lord's Prayer in school every day.

Ella Pease called and sworn—have been here about seven years; in the male department; have seen no cruel treatment; never saw Miss McCoy strike girls with her fist or a stick; think the influence in the house a Christian one; never made use of vulgar language at the table; Miss Helen Leigh made use of the phrase, "You old cow," as a jest; never heard any bad names called to the girls; knew Misses Pence and Dickey and Mrs. McKelvy very little, my duties calling me on the boys' side of the house; was not at the meeting of the officers.

Bell M. Watson called and sworn—Have been here four weeks as teacher in girls' department. Know of no cruel treatment. Think the sewing room is properly conducted. Think the influence in the house Christian and good. Miss Pence did not keep order in the kitchen; the girls were very noisy. This institution compares very well with the Cincinnati House of Refuge, where I have had a number of years experience. The girls in my school had not been well conducted before I took charge of it. Miss Dickey was in charge immediately before this lady.]

Helen G. Lee was visited in her room, she being sick and unable to meet the committee in the office, and sworn. Has been in the House fifteen months; in charge of main building and second division girls' school; have never witness any cruel treatment; have never known Miss McCoy to strike any anyone with her fist; was not at the meeting of the officers; Miss Pence would make personal remarks at the table, such as "smile your prettiest and captivate some of these gentlemen;" think the influence in the house Christian and good; heard Miss Dickey remark that she was just bored to death going to chapel; Miss McCoy is very kind; Mrs. McKelvy's reputation was not good in the house; Miss Dickey's reputation will be weighed all the same; not good. In the school a chapter of Scripture is read, a hymn sung, and the Lord's prayer repeated every day. Miss Dickey at one time ordered my girls into her school; without authority. I never used bad language. Mrs. McKelvy would repeatedly make grimaces at me, sticking her tongue out. In the sewing room the girls have generally a good time.

This closed the testimony, and, after deliberation, the following resolutions were adopted, viz.:

Resolved, That the charges of Mrs. McKelvy and Miss Dickey, transmitted through the Rev. W. B. Gill, of Allegheny, after a full and thorough investigation, extending over three prolonged sessions, and having all the parties under oath, have not been sustained.

On motion adjourned.

ALEX. D. ROSS, Clerk.

The undersigned Committee on Instruction and Discipline, to whom was referred the charges made against the officers of the institution, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true statement of what transpired during the investigation.

W. H. RINEHART,
THOS. WIGHTMAN,
JOSIAH KING,
JOHN PHILLIPS,
JOHN GILFILLAN,
Committee.

AFFIDAVIT.

City of Pittsburgh, ss.

Personally appeared before me, the subscriber, M. F. Cassidy, Esq., one of the Aldermen of the said city, A. D. Ross, who, being duly sworn according to law, doth depose and say, that the annexed testimony in substance, is as taken before the Investigating Committee, at the Pennsylvania Reform School, late House of Refuge, and further deponent saith not. Sworn and subscribed before me, this 10th day of January, 1876. ALEX D. ROSS.

M. F. CASSIDY, Alderman.

AN EXCITING ELECTION.

Annual Election of the Mercantile Library Association.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Mercantile Library Association was held in Library Hall yesterday afternoon. The election of officers was of an unusually exciting nature. Eight hundred and twenty-three votes were cast, and the contest was a very close one. Following are the opposing tickets: President, James J. Donnell; Treasurer, Wm. N. Riddle; Directors, W. H. Barnes, John S. Slagle, Wm. McClelland; Auditor, Wm. Thaw. Jr. President, J. Bowman Sweitzer; Treasurer, Wm. N. Riddle; Directors, Wm. Chalfant, Charles Evans, Cyrus Clarke, Jr.; Auditor, John M. Robb.

The canvass of the votes was concluded at two o'clock this morning, and the result of the election was as follows: For President—J. Bowman Sweitzer, 432; J. J. Donnell, 412; Sweitzer's majority, 20. For Treasurer—(no opposition) Mr. W. N. Riddle, 843. For Directors—*W. L. Chalfant, 457; Charles Evans, 446; Cyrus Clark, Jr., 374; W. H. Barnes, 432; *J. S. Slagle, 432; W. McClelland, 432. For Auditor—John M. Robb, 390; *W. Thaw, Jr., 452.

More votes were polled in this election than in any other previously held by the association. It will be noticed that the vote between W. H. Barnes and W. McClelland, for directors, was a tie, and this election will be decided at an adjourned meeting of the association, to be held on the first Friday in February.

From the Missouri Republican (St. Louis.)

A Remarkable Professional Success.

Among the notable professional men of this country who have achieved extraordinary success is Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. The prominence which he has attained has been reached through strictly legitimate means, and, so far, there is no one who can deny that he deserves the enviable reputation which he enjoys. This large measure of success is the result of a thorough and careful preparation for his calling and extensive reading and a long and varied experience, all of which have enabled him to gain high commendation even from his professional brethren. Devoting his attention to certain specialties of the science he has so carefully investigated, he has been rewarded in a remarkable degree. In these specialities, he has become a recognized leader, and few of the remedies prescribed by him have, it is said, been adopted and prescribed by physicians in their private practice. His pamphlets and larger works have been received as useful contributions to medical knowledge. He has recently added another, and perhaps more important work, because of more general application, to the list of his published writings. This book, entitled "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser," is designed to enter into general circulation. Dr. Pierce has received acknowledgments and honors from many sources, and especially scientific degrees from two of the first medical institutions in the land. TTH-S.

A Valuable Indorsement.

We, the undersigned underwriters of the city of Wheeling, having witnessed the extraordinary tests to which ELAINE oil, manfactured by Messrs. Warden and Oxnard, Pittsburgh, Pa., was subjected in our presence, hereby express our conviction that it is what it is claimed to be—*a non-explosive oil*, and that it is free from the dangerous gases which are usually found in illuminating oils made from petroleum, by the use of which has been caused so much destruction of life and property.

We believe that its introduction into general use will be to the general advantage of the Insurance companies and of the community.

C. H. COLLIER, Fire and Marine Insurance Company.
H. Z. SHRIVER, Citizens' Insurance Company.
J. R. MILLER, Ætna Insurance Company.
F. REISTER, German Insurance Company.
J. V. L. ROGERS, Peabody Insurance Company.
T. P. PHILLIPS, Franklin Insurance Company.
C. M. COEN, General Insurance Agent.
WHEELING, W. Va., January 1, 1876.

The Poor Ye Have Always With You.

But at the present time, owing to various well known causes, the number and sufferings condition of the poor is quite extraordinary, and appeals strongly to every heart in which is a germ of genuine charity, to come up to help the Lord's poor. We are glad to know that a number of our well known and most respectable young ladies are co-working in the laudable effort to relieve the suffering poor of this city These ladies have perfected arrangements for giving at Library Hall on the evening of January 20th a Musical Concert, for which amateur and professional talent has been pledged that will make the proposed Concert peculiarly attractive so that those who buy tickets will enjoy a rich equivalent for the cost in the vocal and instrumental melodies of the concert, at the same time that they send sunshine to the hearth-stone of many sufferers. Tickets for sale from the 13th inst. at Hale's music store, Howard Block.

TRADESMEN'S INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE.

Another Meeting Yesterday—The Report of the Investigation Committee —Their Conclusions—A Lengthy Discussion—A Disposition to Harmonize —The Plan Proposed—An Arbitration Committee to be Appointed.

Yesterday afternoon another meeting of the Industrial Institute was held at the Chamber of Commerce building. The meeting was presided over by Capt. C. W. Batchelor, and was called to hear the report of the Committee appointed to look into the legality of the late election.

The meeting was called to order at two o'clock, when Mr. John Dunlap, Chairman of the committee proceeded to read the report as follows:

MR. CHAIRMAN:—The Committee appointed at the meeting of the "Tradesmen's Industrial Institute", held at the Chamber of Commerce, to inquire into the legality of the election held on the 14th ultimo, for the purpose of choosing a Board of Directors to manage the "Tradesmen's Industrial Institute" for the year 1876, respectfully submit the following report:

Your Committee held a preliminary meeting on the following Wednesday—the 22d ultimo—for consultation, when it was decided that their Secretary should notify, through the medium of the newspapers, the officers of the Institute, the judges and inspectors of the election, and all others interested to meet the Committee on Monday, the 27th ultimo, at 8 o'clock, p. m., at the rooms of the "Chamber of Commerce," to give assistance in making inquisition touching the irregularities complained of in relation to said election.

The meeting was convened at the appointed time, and duly opened for the business on hand, when the Chairman, by the advice of his colleagues, stated that, "presuming that there was a difference of opinion amongst the voting members before the committee, that it would be in order to hear each party's statement of the case by gentlemen representing each side, and that in the meantime the officers of the Institute be requested to produce all the books, papers, and minutes in their possession." Your committee after attentively listening to a full and able discussion of the subject by each side, and after a careful examination of the members composing the Election Board, adjourned to meet from time to time, in private, for the further prosecution of the subject.

To accomplish this purpose we have held several meetings, and have examined several gentlemen of deserved high standing, members of the Institute, who can have no other apparent motive than a desire to give a truthful exposition of such facts as come to their notice bearing on the case. We have also examined the books, minutes and other papers in our possession, from which testimony and data we conclude that the principal cause of the dispute may be traced to a premeditated and reprehensible attempt to "pack" the election by adding some sixty-seven new names as applicants for annual membership, a few days previous to the election, with the apparent purpose of carrying the election by such means, in favor of one of the tickets to be voted for. It is further affirmed to us by credible testimony that several of these sixty-seven names offered as members had no personal knowledge of their membership until called upon to present their votes, also that the initiation fee in each case of these sixty-seven was subsequently withdrawn, as was also Mr. Johnston's motion.

Mr. Vannote said a new election meant fight. Mr. Lewis, however, had suggested to him the appointment by a committee of five to consult both parties and arrange an agreeable compromise.

Mr. Lewis said his suggestion, which he would put in the form of a motion, was that the chair appoint a committee of four, two to be satisfactory to the Guarantors and two to the Institute, and these four to appoint a fifth man. This committee as thus appointed to settle the difficulties, and then to prepare a new ticket. He thought this would be the best way to settle the matter, as a fight in the Courts would ruin the Institute, no matter how it resulted.

This motion seemed to be agreeable to all parties, and it was adopted.

The meeting then adjourned, subject to the call of the chair.

For Rent.

First class country residence at Edgeworth, six miles from the city, on P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. House has eight rooms, marble mantels, hot and cold water bath room and W. C. furnace, &c., &c.; is almost new, and has half an acre of ground attached. Will be rented for one year or a term of years to a reliable tenant. Apply to G. W. SPENCER,
254 Penn avenue.

WEDDING GIFTS.

FRESH IMPORTATION OF

BRONZES,

Clocks, Side Pieces and Groups,

JOHN STEVENSON'S SONS,
93 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH.

DIED:

SNODGRASS—On Monday morning, January 10th, 1876, at eleven o'clock, DON YODMAN, only son of R. H. and Mary W. Snodgrass, aged one year and eight months.

Funeral on WEDNESDAY MORNING at ten o'clock, from Congress street, near Wylie avenue.

CRAWFORD—On Sunday, January 9, 1876, at 9 P. M., HARRIET, wife of William Crawford, Ohio township, Allegheny county, Pa., in the seventy-first year of her age.

ACKERMAN—On Sunday, January 9, at Canton, Ohio, HENRY ACKERMAN, in the 43d year of his age.

Funeral will take place from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny, Pa., TO-DAY (Tuesday), 11th inst., at 42:30 P. M.

ZIMMERMAN—On Monday, January 10, 1876, at 4 o'clock, A. M., MRS. ELIZA A. ZIMMERMAN, widow of Wm. Zimmerman, deceased, late of Quincy, Ill.

Funeral will take place TO-DAY, at 2 o'clock, P. M., from the residence of her nephew, S. B. Wilson, No. 187 Sandusky street, Allegheny City. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HAMILL—On Monday morning, January 10th, 1876, JAMES HAMILL, in the thirty-eighth year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of the family, No. 135 Second avenue, TO-MORROW MORNING, at 9 o'clock, to proceed to St. Mary's Cemetery.

MRODY PATTERSON, Jr., No. 117 Fourth avenue. Undertaking in all its branches promptly attended to. Fine carriages and hearses furnished at the lowest prices. Terms, cash.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD.....Managers.

Engagement of the Distinguished Actress,
MISS JANE COOMBS.
MONDAY AND TUESDAY EVENINGS,
January 10 and 11, 1876,
UNEQUAL MATCH.
Hester Graszebrook.....MISS JANE COOMBS
Wednesday—LOVE.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES.
FRED. AIMS.....Manager.
Sixteen New Stars This Week!
Miss Blanche Selwyn, Fontainbleau Sisters, Jennie Southern, Harrison & McGlone, Ben. Gilfoil, Japanese Tommy, Billy Emmitt, Katie Howard, Manchester & Jennings' last week, M'lle De Granville, Master Adonis, immense success of the Female Minstrels and Living Statue Troupe. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.

PROF. JAMES H. BROOKS'
DANCING ACADEMY!
No. 29 FIFTH AVENUE.

Second and last term of the season will commence on MONDAY, January 3, at 8 o'clock, P. M., for Ladies and Gentlemen, and WEDNESDAY, January 5, at 3 o'clock, for Misses and Masters. Class arrangement for Ladies and Gentlemen, Monday and Thursdays; for Misses and Masters, Wednesday and Saturday afternoon.

For particulars call for circulars at Music Stores.

AUCTION SALES.

WHEATLAND
Rail Mills and Blast Furnaces FOR SALE.

WE WILL OFFER AT AUCTION, on the premises,

On Thursday, January 13, 1876,

AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.,

The above named valuable property, located at Wheatland, Mercer county, Pa., on the line of the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad, and having track connection with A. and G. W. R. R.

The property consists of 4 Blast Furnaces, capable of producing 600 tons of Pig Metal weekly; 1 Rail Mill, nearly new, with all modern improvements and capable of turning out 1,000 tons of Rails weekly; some 220 Buildings, consisting of Tenant Houses, Managers' and Clerks' Houses, Store House, Offices, Carpenter Shop, Horse Locomotive House, Ice House, Stables, &c., &c., together with about 325 acres of Land, three quarters of a mile of railroad track, switch, siding, &c., &c. The Furnaces and Rail Mills are in good order and ready for immediate use, and the Buildings in good condition, the larger portion of them having been but recently erected.

Also, 800 SHARES, BEING TWO-THIRDS INTEREST, OF

Shenango Coal Company Stock,

Together with certain leases and royalties on Coal in mines now being operated by said Company, a detailed description of which will be furnished on application.

TERMS—One-half cash; $10,000 of which (either in cash or approved certified check,) will be required at time of sale, remainder of cash payment on tender of deed; balance in one, two and three years with interest, and secured by bond and close mortgage, with Scire Facias clause on the premises.

For pamphlet, giving full detailed description of Wheatland Property, Buildings, Machinery, Furnaces, &c., address

R. J. ANDERSON,
JOHN J. SPEARMAN,
H. W. OLIVER, Jr.,
Trustees in Bankruptcy of J. T. & C. A. Wood.
14 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
JOHN D. BAILEY, Auctioneer. y2

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FLOWERS! FLOWERS!

FLOWERS of the finest quality, for Weddings, Banquets, Receptions, &c., in every desired style. Also, Canary Birds, Gold Fish,

Bird Cages,	Fern Cases,
Christmas Trees,	Ground Pine Wreathing,
Hartford Fern,	Autumn Leaves,
Aquaria,	Ornamental Grasses,
Immortelles,	Bird Seed,
Bird's Nests,	&c., &c.,

Floral Decorations a Specialty.
Estimates furnished when requested.
J. K. & A. MURDOCH, Florists,
119 Smithfield street (opposite the Postoffice).

WANTED.

WANTED—$7,000 ON A PROPERTY worth $15,000. Title first class. Address for 3 days, C. J. H., GAZETTE office. 1

WANTED—$20,000 FOR 6 MONTHS on first class business paper. Address "Enterprise," GAZETTE office. 6

WANTED—BOARDING FOR A GENTLEMAN, wife and two children in a private family. Address "Boarding," Box 1026, Pittsburgh, Pa. 4

WANTED—SHIPPING CLERK. ADDRESS in hand writing, giving reference, "D. W.," Box 526, Pittsburgh, Pa. 7

WANTED—PLACES — TEN COOKS with first class city references want places in or out of the city. Office No. 1 Sixth street.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HELPER in a Blacksmith Shop. Apply to WM. CASEY, 189 Evan alley, Allegheny

WANTED—PLACES—FIFTY HOUSE girls, with reference, want places in city o country, at $1.50 to $2 per week. Office No. 1 Sixth street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—A LIGHT BAROUCHE, pannel back, for one or two horses. Address HARRY, Box 1026, Pittsburgh P. O.

WANTED — A SADDLE HORSE, with good style, and trot in harness. Address HARRY, Box 1026, Pittsburgh P. O.

WANTED—200 COAL MINERS.—Steady work. Apply immediately at KEELBURGH,** January 6, 1876, and the several supplements thereto.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the provisions of the same is hereby repealed in so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils, this 13th day of December, A. D. 1875.

A. H. GROSS,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. B. NEGLEY,
President of Common Council.
Attest:—GEO. BOOTH,
Clerk of Common Council.
Approved December 20, 1875.
Recorded in Ordinance Book, vol. 4, page 165, 6th day of January, A. D. 1876. jall

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND-HAND ENGINE, 8 to 9 inch cylinder and about 24 inch stroke. Address J. & J. B. MILHOLLAND, corner Tunnel street and Fifth avenue.

WANTED—TO RENT -- FROM THE first of April, a house of 5, 6 or 7 rooms, in Pittsburgh or Allegheny. Rent not to exceed $300 a year. Address "W.," GAZETTE office.

WANTED—SITUATION AS A TRAVELING salesman for a shoe house; have had six years' experience and a good trade established in Pennsylvania and Ohio; best of reference given. Address SALESMAN, 22 Mercer street, city.

WANTED—THOSE IN NEED OF them to go to Emanuel DeRoys, in the GAZETTE building, and purchase some of the many unredeemed Revolvers for sale. 153 Smithfield street.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, A position as Copyist. Address MARY, Pittsburgh P. O.

WANTED—SITUATION AS MACHINIST, or in any other capacity. Address W. K., at Young Men's Home.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A young man as blacksmith's helper; has had experience. Address JOHN WRIGHT, 48 Clark street.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO DO family sewing or dress making. A permanent place preferred. Apply at No. 20 Tagart street, Allegheny.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CARPENTER and Millwright; can mark on wood and iron, and make patterns. Address T. C., 29 Ferry street.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS OPERATOR on a sewing machine, or sewing in a private family. Address SEWING GIRL, 42 Twenty-sixth street, Pittsburgh.

WANTED — A SITUATION BY AN active man; can make himself useful at everything; high wages not expected. Address L. L., Leader office, or 338 Beaver avenue, Allegheny.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A situation as clerk, salesman or anything where I can make myself useful; references given. Address W. S. B., 146 Wylie avenue, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—A STOUT BOY, 17 YEARS old, wants to finish his trade at molding; has served 2 years at stove molding. Address MOLDING, this office, or 143 Fremont street, Allegheny.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A young man 23 years of age, as engineer, or would like to learn some good business. Address CHARLES GROVE, Pittsburgh P. O.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG man of 17, who has had two years' experience in a first-class commercial house. Apply at R. Williamon's, corner of Robinson and Corry Sts, Allegheny.

WANTED—A SITUATION TO RUN A stationary engine, or any in-door work where I can make myself useful; would not object going out of the city. Address B. F. L., No. 305 Second avenue.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF six years' experience, a situation in a grocery store, or as shipping or bill clerk; will make himself generally useful. Address 21 Chestnut street, Allegheny.

WANTED — EMPLOYMENT, BY A young man who thoroughly understands the tea, grocery and provision trade; can manage a branch store and do any kind of packing. JOHN PROBERT, 66 Market street, city.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL WANTS A situation for family sewing or any kind of light work; can give reference. Call or address M. M., rear of 1067 Penn street.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A competent seamstress; understands dressmaking and all kinds of family sewing. Address M. W., 24 Pittsburgh P. O.

WANTED—SITUATION BY AN ENGINEER of 21 years, experience in mills, glass furnaces and other important establishments. Address ENGINEER, 168 Penn avenue.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A young man of experience in a wholesale dry-goods store; best of references given if desired. Address W. S. C., Box 75, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A BOOKkeeper or salesman by a young man of experience; speaks German and English; can give unexceptionable references. Address W. D. H., care Wm. Rohne, 59 Cedar ave., Allegheny.

WANTED—TO BORROW $10,000 TO $20,000 on a first mortgage, for 2 or 3 years, on very valuable city property, bringing a large interest. Principals will please address Lock Box 865.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BOOKkeeper or traveling agent by a man of experience, who speaks and writes German, French and English; best city reference. Address M. B., No. 40 Diamond, Pittsburgh.

WANTED — A SITUATION BY A young man, well experienced and reliable in every branch of the drug trade; will engage for moderate wages, and give good reference. Address J. T., 18 Chestnut street, Allegheny.

WANTED—FOREMAN—AT ONCE, A Foreman for Furniture Factory; none but thoroughly competent need apply; best references required. Address at once for 4 days, THE CHARLES RICH FURNITURE COMPANY, Nashville, Tennessee.

WANTED—PLACES AT $1.50 AND $2.00 per week, by one hundred Girls; best of reference furnished, city or country; orders filled on a few hours' notice. Farm hands and drivers, with reference, want places at